



# Heavy Metal Removal Media Data Sheet

## List of Filterable Metals

Rubidium, Lithium, Potassium, Caesium, Ammonium, Sodium, Calcium, Silver, Cadmium, Lead, Zinc, Barium, Strontium, Copper, Mercury, Magnesium, Iron, Cobalt, Aluminum, Chromium

## Experimental Results

Percent Reduction (assumes 1" of head pressure and 15 second exposure time)

Initial Metal Concentration (ppm)	Percent Removal
4.0	30%
0.4	50%

The saturation point of the Heavy Metal Removal Media is 0.07 mg heavy metal/g of Media (This translates to 31.8 g of heavy metal/lb of Media)

## Capacity of different UltraTech products\*

Part Number	Description	Capacity (grams of metal removed)
9397	Ultra-Drainguard, Heavy Metal Mode	190
9460	Ultra-HydroKleen Media Filter	285
9302	Ultra-Downspout Guard (Standard)	475
9301	Ultra-Downspout Guard (Large)	715
9454	Ultra-Filter Sock (9-foot length)	1145

\* Actual results may vary based on initial metal concentration and site flow conditions

## Treatment train approach to removal of heavy metals from stormwater

For best results, consider a treatment train approach to your heavy metal removal. For example, if you are trying to lower the concentration of heavy metals in storm water coming off a metal roof (starting heavy metal concentration of 60 ppm in the storm water), you could install a standard Ultra-Downspout Guard at each roof drain (lowering the concentration to 42 ppm).

At the outlet of the Ultra-Downspout Guard, you could install one Ultra-Filter Sock (further reducing the concentration to 30 ppm) and then a second Ultra-Filter Sock (reducing the concentration to 21 ppm) around the inlet of the drainage catch basin.

Furthermore, you could install a Ultra-HydroKleen unit with three Ultra-HydroKleen HMRM 1.0 Media Filters in that catch basin (lowering the concentration of the heavy metals discharged from the site to 7 ppm – an overall reduction of 88%).

This treatment train would be capable of absorbing a total of 3.62 kg (8 lbs) of heavy metals, filtering a total of approximately 16,000 gallons of storm water.

Updated: 09.14.18